

BiNoM, a Cytoscape plugin for accessing and analyzing pathways using standard systems biology formats

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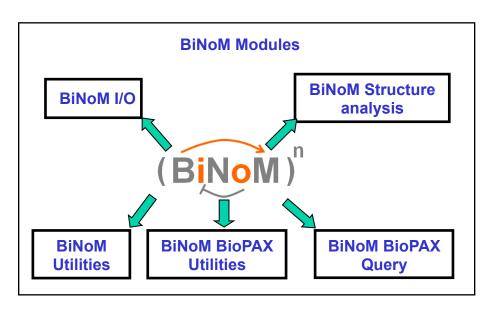
COMBINE 2012 – Toronto





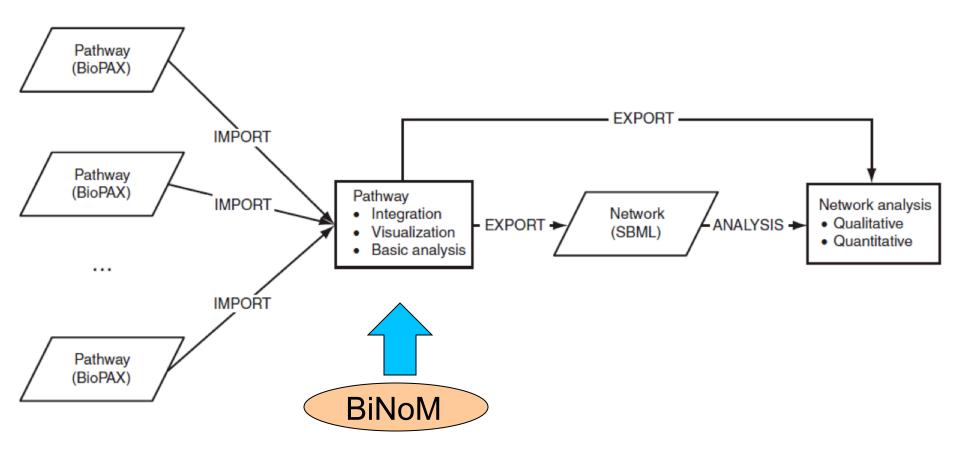


BiNoM, a Biological Network Manager



- Facilitates the visualization and manipulation of biological networks.
- Supports standard systems biology formats (BioPAX, CellDesigner, etc.).
- Assists the user in the analysis of networks.
- Extracts specific information from databases such as Reactome.

BiNoM: a Cytoscape plugin for manipulating and analyzing biological networks. Zinovyev A, Viara E, Calzone L, Barillot E. Bioinformatics. 2008 Mar 15;24(6):876-7.

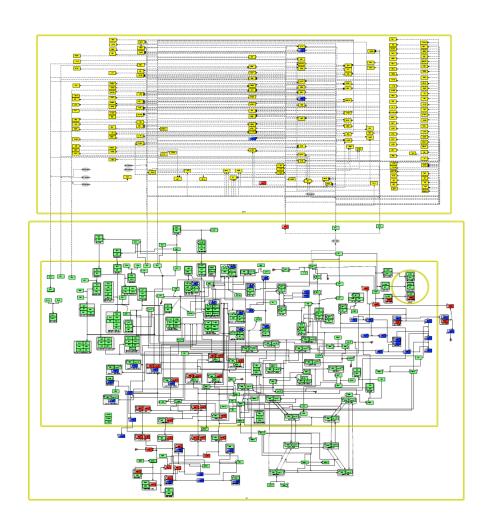


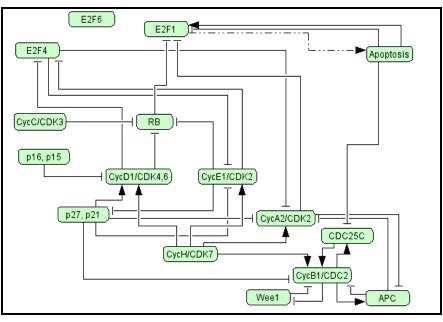
Use of data from public pathway databases for modelling purposes (from Bauer-Mehren et al., Pathway databases and tools for their exploitatation: benefits, current limitations and challenges. 2009 Molecular Systems Biology 5:290).

BiNoM typical scenarios

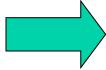
- 1. Import a CellDesigner diagram, manipulate, convert to BioPAX.
- 2. Import a CellDesigner diagram, analyze, decompose into modules, create a network modular view.
- 3. Import BioPAX file, extract a part, export to SBML, create a mathematical model.
- 4. Create a BioPAX file from simple factsheet text file.
- 5. Index huge BioPAX file (i.e., whole Reactome), make a query, save result as a smaller BioPAX file.

Knowledge extraction

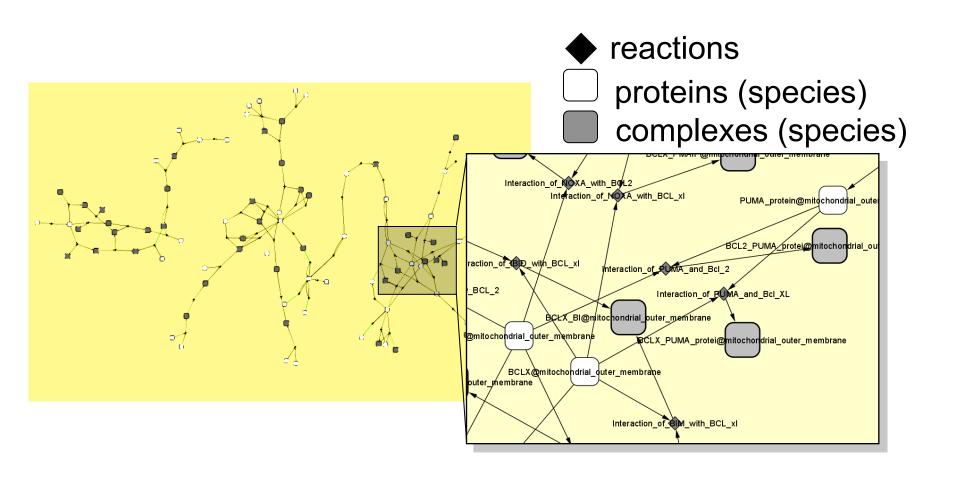




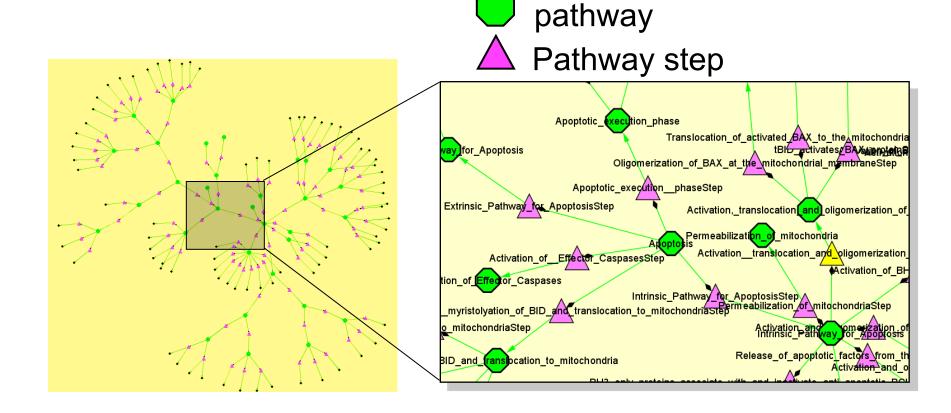
RB / E2F network, 70+ proteins, 160+ reactions, 350 publications



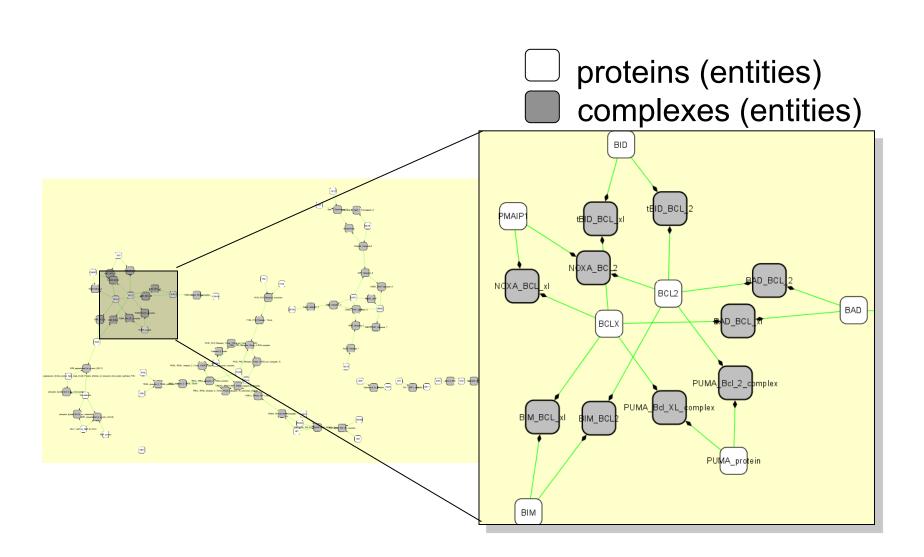
BioPAX -> Reaction Network

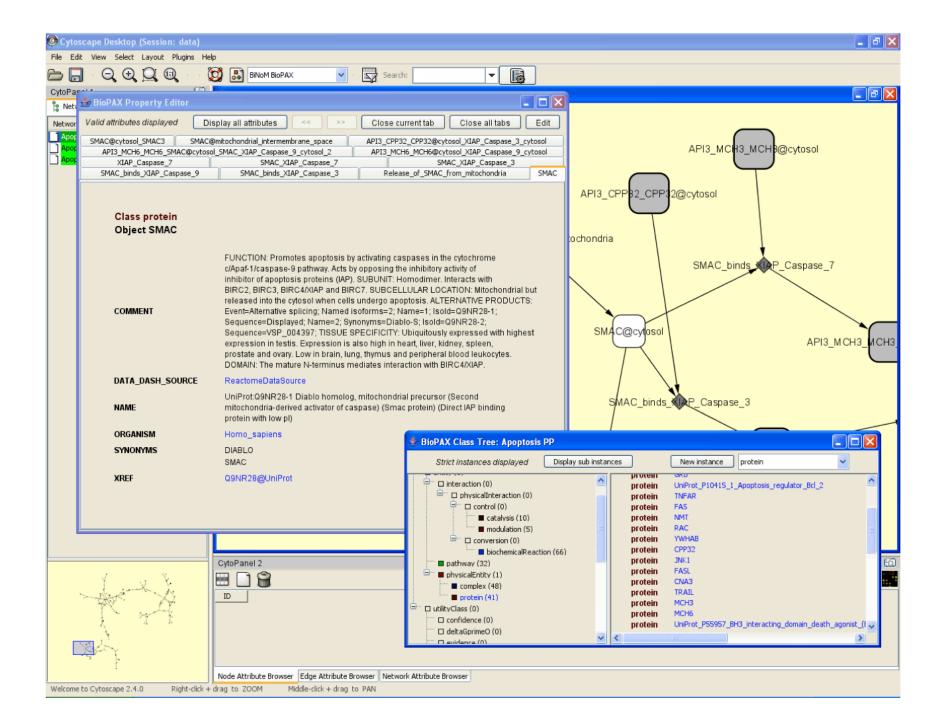


BioPAX -> Pathway Structure



BioPAX -> Protein Interactions



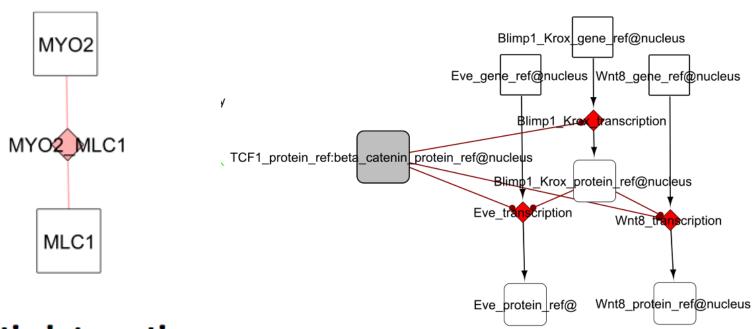


BiNoM v2.0 (2012): New functionalities

- 1. BioPAX level 3.0 support.
- 2. CellDesigner format 4.1 support.
- 3. Cytoscape 2.7.0+ support.
- 4. Pathway Quantification algorithm.
- 5. Minimal Cut Set algorithm.
- 6. Creation of interactive, "google maps" like molecular maps.

Support for BioPAX Level 3

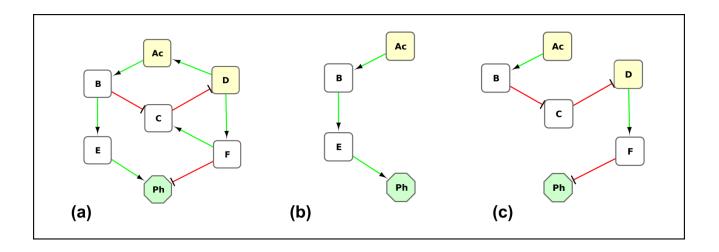
- BioPAX is a standard language for representation of pathways.
- Latest specification (BioPAX level 3) released in 2010.
 - Metabolic pathways.
 - Signaling pathways.
 - Gene regulatory networks
 - Molecular interactions
 - Genetic interactions



genetic-interaction

template-reaction
Reaction Network

Pathway Influence Quantification (PIQuant)

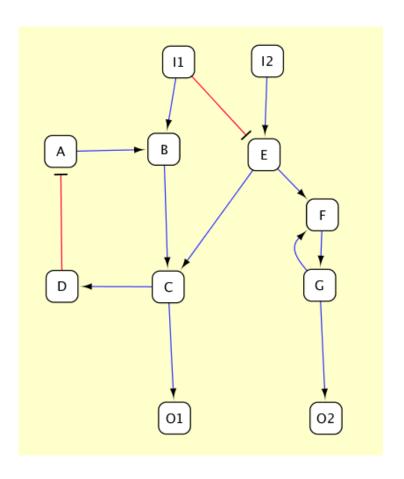


$$PIQuant_{Score} = \sum_{k=1}^{q} \alpha_k \sigma_k \frac{1}{\lambda_k}$$

Alpha: activity of the path Sigma: sign of the path Lambda: length of the path

$$PIQuant_{Score} = 2 \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 2 \cdot (-1) \cdot \frac{1}{5} = 0.27$$

Minimal cut sets



- Influence graph G.
- Input nodes I1, I2.
- Output (target) nodes O1, O2.

- Cut sets: {C}, {E, B}, {I1, I2}
- Minimal:
 - •{E, C} is a cut set, but is not not minimal.
- Application: define novel candidate drug targets.

MCS Algorithms

- Berge's algorithm (1989)
 - Based on hypergraph theory.
 - Do not scale well for networks 50+ nodes.

```
for i=2,\ldots,m do
Find Tr(\mathcal{H}_{i-1})
Compute Tr(\mathcal{H}_i)=Min(Tr(\mathcal{H}_{i-1})\vee\{\{v\},v\in\mathcal{E}_i\})
end for
Return Tr(\mathcal{H}_m)
```

Algorithm 1: The algorithm of Berge

Partial enumeration

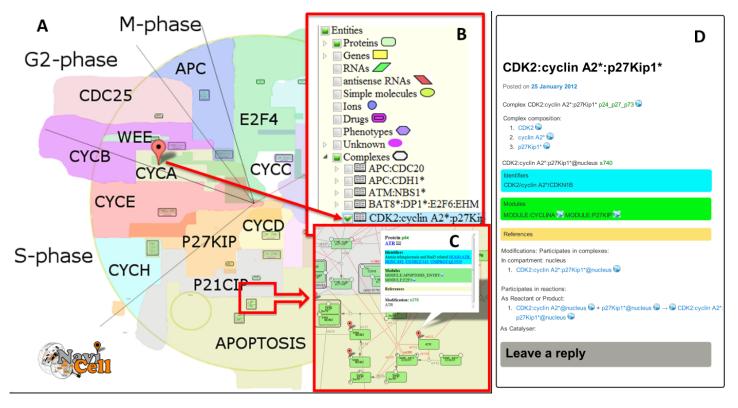
- Selection of a subset of nodes, by using a score based on path length and sign.
- Enumerate subset of all possible solutions.
- Check if they are cut sets and if they are minimal.



= Google map + Semantic zoom + Blog

Google map for browsing using semantic zooming

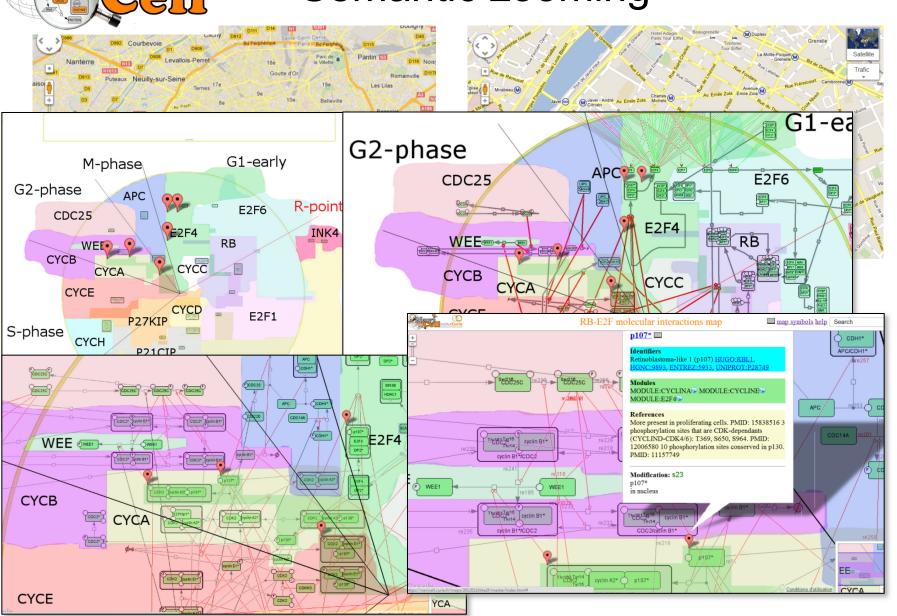
Blog for commenting



http://navicell.curie.fr



Semantic zooming



BiNoM v2.0

- Cytoscape plugin manager.
- http://binom.curie.fr
 - BiNoM jar file
 - BiNoM source code & doc
 - BiNoM manual (~100 pages)
 - BiNoM tutorial (book chapter)
 - BiNoM v1.0

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